Claims

- 1. A propylene-ethylene block copolymer containing polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene), characterized by having a weight-average molecular weight (Mw) of the propylene-ethylene block copolymer of 100,000 or more; a poly(ethylene-co-propylene) segment content of not less than 5 wt.% and less than 100 wt.%; and a total ethylene content of 2-95 wt.%, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer has the following characteristics (a) and (b):
- (a) polypropylene segments and poly(ethylene-copropylene) segments are linked chemically; and
- (b) the polypropylene segments and poly(ethylene-copropylene) segments are synthesized in the presence of an olefin polymerization catalyst comprising an organometallic compound and a solid catalyst component comprising either titanium and a halogen or titanium, magnesium, and a halogen.
- 2. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in claim 1, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer has a molecular weight distribution index (weight-average molecular weight (Mw)/number-average molecular weight (Mn)) of 3.5 or more.
- 3. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in claim 1 or 2, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer contains a xylene-soluble component during extraction by use of xylene at 20°C in an amount of 50 wt.% or less.
  - 4. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described

in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the ratio of the poly(ethylene-co-propylene) segments remaining after extraction by use of xylene at 20°C to the segments before extraction is 50 wt.% or more.

- 5. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the ratio of the total ethylene content remaining after extraction by use of xylene at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to the content before extraction is 50 wt.% or more.
- 6. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer has an elution-completion temperature in cross-fractionation chromatography of 100-120°C.
- 7. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer has a melting point (Tm) of 135°C or higher.
- 8. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer exhibits a melt tension at  $190^{\circ}$ C of 1.0 g or more.
- 9. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein the peak temperature of complex modulus loss tangent ( $\tan\delta$ ) based on glass transition temperature of the PP portion of the propylene-ethylene block copolymer falls within the range of -50°C to 10°C.
- 10. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer exhibits a storage modulus (E') at 150°C of

 $(0.1-30) \times 10^7 \text{ dyne/cm}^2$ .

- 11. A propylene-ethylene block copolymer containing polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene), characterized in that the weight-average molecular weight (Mw) of the propylene-ethylene block copolymer is 100,000 or more; the poly(ethylene-co-propylene) segment content is not less than 5 wt.% and less than 100 wt.%; the total ethylene content is 2-95 wt.%; the molecular weight distribution index (weight-average molecular weight (Mw)/number-average molecular weight (Mn)) is 3.5 or more; the propylene-ethylene block copolymer contains a xylene-soluble component during extraction by use of xylene at 20°C in an amount of 50 wt.% or less; and the ratio of the poly(ethylene-co-propylene) segments remaining after extraction by use of xylene at 20°C to the segments before extraction is 50 wt.% or more.
- 12. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in claim 11, wherein the ratio of the total ethylene content remaining after extraction by use of xylene at 20°C to the content before extraction is 50 wt.% or more.
- 13. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in claim 11 or 12, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer has an elution-completion temperature in cross-fractionation chromatography of 100-120°C.
- 14. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 11 to 13, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer has a melting point (Tm) of 135°C or higher.
  - 15. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described

in any one of claims 11 to 14, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer exhibits a melt tension at 190°C of 1.0 g or more.

- 16. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 11 to 15, wherein the peak temperature of complex modulus loss tangent  $(\tan^{\delta})$  based on a glass transition temperature of the PP portion of the propylene-ethylene block copolymer falls within the range of -50°C to  $10^{\circ}$ C.
- 17. The propylene-ethylene block copolymer as described in any one of claims 11 to 16, wherein the propylene-ethylene block copolymer exhibits a storage modulus (E') at  $150^{\circ}$ C of  $(0.1-30) \times 10^{7}$  dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 18. A blushing-resistant transparent polypropylene resin for molding containing polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene), characterized by having a poly(ethylene-co-propylene) segment content of polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) of not less than 5 wt.% and less than 50 wt.% and a total ethylene content of polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) of 0.25-47 wt.%, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) has the following characteristics (a) and (b):
- (a) polypropylene segments and poly(ethylene-copropylene) segments are linked chemically; and
- (b) the polypropylene segments are synthesized in the presence of an olefin polymerization catalyst comprising an organometallic compound and a solid catalyst component

comprising either titanium and a halogen or titanium, magnesium, and a halogen, and subsequently, the poly(ethylene-co-propylene) segments are synthesized.

- 19. The blushing-resistant transparent polypropylene resin for molding as described in claim 18, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) has a weight-average molecular weight (Mw) of 30,000 or more.
- 20. The blushing-resistant transparent polypropylene resin for molding as described in claim 18 or 19, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) has a molecular weight distribution index (weight-average molecular weight (Mw)/number-average molecular weight (Mn)) of 3.5 or more.
- 21. The blushing-resistant transparent polypropylene resin for molding as described in any one of claims 18 to 20, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) contains a component soluble in xylene at 20°C in an amount of 50 wt.% or less.
- 22. The blushing-resistant transparent polypropylene resin for molding as described in any one of claims 18 to 21, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) has a melting point (Tm) of 135°C or higher.
- 23. The blushing-resistant transparent molded article formed by molding a blushing-resistant transparent polypropylene resin for molding as recited in any one of claims 18 to 22.
- 24. The blushing-resistant molded article as described in claims 23, wherein molding is carried out through

injection molding.

- b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene), characterized by having a poly(ethylene-co-propylene) segment content of polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) of 50-95 wt.% and a total ethylene content of polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) of 2.5-95 wt.%, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) has the following characteristics (a) and (b):
- (a) polypropylene segments and poly(ethylene-copropylene) segments are linked chemically; and
- (b) the polypropylene segments are synthesized in the presence of an olefin polymerization catalyst comprising an organometallic compound and a solid catalyst component comprising either titanium and a halogen or titanium, magnesium, and a halogen, and subsequently, the poly(ethylene-co-propylene) segments are synthesized.
- 26. The elastomer for molding as described in claim 25, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) has a weight-average molecular weight (Mw) of 30,000 or more.
- 27. The elastomer for molding as described in claim 25 or 26, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) has a molecular weight distribution index (weight-average molecular weight (Mw)/number-average molecular weight (Mn)) of 3.5 or more.
- 28. The elastomer for molding as described in any one of claims 25 to 27, wherein the polypropylene-b-

poly(ethylene-co-propylene) contains a component soluble in xylene at 20°C in an amount of 50 wt.% or less.

- 29. The elastomer for molding as described in any one of claims 25-28, wherein the polypropylene-b-poly(ethylene-co-propylene) has a melting point (Tm) of 135°C or higher.
  - 30. The elastomer-molded article formed by molding an elastomer for molding as recited in any one of claims 25 to 29.
  - 31. The elastomer-molded article as described in claim 30, wherein molding is carried out through injection molding.